

# **ARDEX WPM1500 WeldTec Below Grade Tanking Membrane**

Ardex (Ardex NZ)

Chemwatch: 79-3836 Version No: 4.1

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

## Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 1

Issue Date: 23/12/2022 Print Date: 03/11/2024 L.GHS.NZL.EN.E

### SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

### **Product Identifier**

Product name	ARDEX WPM1500 WeldTec Below Grade Tanking Membrane
Chemical Name	Not Applicable
Synonyms	Not Available
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Not Available

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Undertile waterproofing membrane.
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### Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Ardex (Ardex NZ)
Address	32 Lane Street Woolston Christchurch New Zealand
Telephone	+64 3384 3029 +64 3384 9779
Fax	+64 3384 9779
Website	www.ardex.co.nz
Email	info@ardexnz.com

### **Emergency telephone number**

Association / Organisation	Ardex (Ardex NZ)
Emergency telephone number(s)	+64 3 373 6900
Other emergency telephone number(s)	0800 764 766 (NZ NPC)

### **SECTION 2 Hazards identification**

### Classification of the substance or mixture

Considered a Hazardous Substance according to the criteria of the New Zealand Hazardous Substances New Organisms legislation. Not regulated for transport of Dangerous Goods.

Classification [1]	Classification [1] Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI	
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	6.4A	

### Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word

Warning

### Hazard statement(s)

H319

Causes serious eye irritation.

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### Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.

#### Precautionary statement(s) Response

Frecautionary statement(s) response	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

### Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

### Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

### **SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients**

### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

### Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
1333-86-4	20-45	carbon black
Not Available	10-30	polyolefins.
Not Available	<5	stabilisers.
9003-27-4	NotSpec	isobutylene homopolymer
9003-31-0	NotSpec	isoprene homopolymer
Not Available	NotSpec	rubber accelerators
Not Available	NotSpec	vulcanising agents
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available	

### **SECTION 4 First aid measures**

### Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes:  • Wash out immediately with water.  • If irritation continues, seek medical attention.  • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin or hair contact occurs:  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	► Generally not applicable.

### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5 Firefighting measures**

### **Extinguishing media**

- ▶ Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.
- ▶ BCF (where regulations permit).
- Carbon dioxide.
  Water spray or fog Large fires only.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture	
Fire Incompatibility	None known.
Advice for firefighters	
Fire Fighting	<ul> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves.</li> <li>Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water courses.</li> <li>Use water delivered as a fine spray to control fire and cool adjacent area.</li> <li>DO NOT approach containers suspected to be hot.</li> <li>Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location.</li> <li>If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.</li> <li>Equipment should be thoroughly decontaminated after use.</li> </ul>
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Combustible  Decomposes on heating and produces toxic fumes of: carbon monoxide (CO) carbon dioxide (CO2)

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other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

### **SECTION 6 Accidental release measures**

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

### **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	<ul> <li>Clean up all spills immediately.</li> <li>Secure load if safe to do so.</li> <li>Bundle/collect recoverable product.</li> <li>Collect remaining material in containers with covers for disposal.</li> </ul>
Major Spills	<ul> <li>Minor hazard.</li> <li>Clear area of personnel.</li> <li>Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.</li> <li>Wear physical protective gloves e.g. Leather.</li> <li>Contain spill/secure load if safe to do so.</li> <li>Bundle/collect recoverable product and label for recycling.</li> <li>Collect remaining product and place in appropriate containers for disposal.</li> <li>Clean up/sweep up area.</li> <li>Water may be required.</li> </ul>

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

### **SECTION 7 Handling and storage**

### Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	<ul> <li>Limit all unnecessary personal contact.</li> <li>Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.</li> <li>Use in a well-ventilated area.</li> <li>When handling DO NOT eat, drink or smoke.</li> <li>Always wash hands with soap and water after handling.</li> <li>Avoid physical damage to containers.</li> <li>Use good occupational work practice.</li> <li>Observe manufacturer's storage and handling recommendations contained within this SDS.</li> </ul>	
Other information	No special storage precautions required	

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	No restriction on the type of containers. Packing as recommended by manufacturer. Check all material is clearly labelled.
Storage incompatibility	No known incompatibility with normal range of industrial materials

### SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

### INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	carbon black	Carbon black	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	carcinogen category 2 - Suspected human carcinogen
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	isoprene homopolymer	Respirable dust (not otherwise classified)	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	isoprene homopolymer	Inhalable dust (not otherwise classified)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
carbon black	1,750 mg/m3	Not Available
isobutylene homopolymer	Not Available	Not Available
isoprene homopolymer	Not Available	Not Available

### MATERIAL DATA

Odour Safety Factor(OSF) OSF=3.8 (N-cyclohexyl-2-benzothiazolesulfenamide)

Exposed individuals are NOT reasonably expected to be warned, by smell, that the Exposure Standard is being exceeded.

Odour Safety Factor (OSF) is determined to fall into either Class C, D or E.

The Odour Safety Factor (OSF) is defined as:

OSF= Exposure Standard (TWA) ppm/ Odour Threshold Value (OTV) ppm

Classification into classes follows:

ClassOSF Description

Over 90% of exposed individuals are aware by smell that the Exposure Standard (TLV-TWA for example) is being reached, even when distracted by working 550

26-As "A" for 50-90% of persons being distracted 550

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- C 1-26 As "A" for less than 50% of persons being distracted
- D 0.18-1 10-50% of persons aware of being tested perceive by smell that the Exposure Standard is being reached
- < <0.18 As "D" for less than 10% of persons aware of being tested</p>

### **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls	Area where polymer is heat processed should be ventilated to remove vapour, fumes released during all stages of processing.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye and face protection	No special equipment for minor exposure i.e. when handling small quantities.  OTHERWISE:  Safety glasses with side shields.  Contact lenses may pose a special hazard; soft contact lenses may absorb and concentrate irritants. A written policy document, describing the wearing of lenses or restrictions on use, should be created for each workplace or task. This should include a review of lens absorption and adsorption for the class of chemicals in use and an account of injury experience. Medical and first-aid personnel should be trained in their removal and suitable equipment should be readily available. In the event of chemical exposure, begin eye irrigation immediately and remove contact lens as soon as practicable. Lens should be removed at the first signs of eye redness or irritation - lens should be removed in a clean environment only after workers have washed hands thoroughly. [CDC NIOSH Current Intelligence Bulletin 59], [AS/NZS 1336 or national equivalent]
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities OTHERWISE:  Cotton gloves When handling hot material, wear  Protective gloves eg. Leather gloves or gloves with Leather facing
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	No special equipment needed when handling small quantities OTHERWISE: Overalls Eyewash unit.

### Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

Where the concentration of gas/particulates in the breathing zone, approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standard" (or ES), respiratory protection is required. Degree of protection varies with both face-piece and Class of filter; the nature of protection varies with Type of filter.

Required Minimum Protection Factor	Half-Face Respirator	Full-Face Respirator	Powered Air Respirator
up to 10 x ES	A-AUS	-	A-PAPR-AUS / Class 1
up to 50 x ES	-	A-AUS / Class 1	-
up to 100 x ES	-	A-2	A-PAPR-2 ^

<sup>^ -</sup> Full-face

A(All classes) = Organic vapours, B AUS or B1 = Acid gasses, B2 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), B3 = Acid gas or hydrogen cyanide(HCN), E = Sulfur dioxide(SO2), G = Agricultural chemicals, K = Ammonia(NH3), Hg = Mercury, NO = Oxides of nitrogen, MB = Methyl bromide, AX = Low boiling point organic compounds(below 65 degC)

### **SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Tormation on basic physical	and onomical properties				
Appearance	Black membrane sheet/roll with a slightly pungent od	Black membrane sheet/roll with a slightly pungent odour; insoluble in water.			
Physical state	Manufactured	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available		
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available		
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Applicable		
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available		
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Applicable		
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Applicable	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable		
Flash point (°C)	>63	Taste	Not Available		
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable	Explosive properties	Not Available		
Flammability	Combustible.	Oxidising properties	Not Available		
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable		
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Applicable		
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Applicable	Gas group	Not Available		
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Applicable		
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Applicable	VOC g/L	Not Available		
Heat of Combustion (kJ/g)	Not Available	Ignition Distance (cm)	Not Available		
Flame Height (cm)	Not Available	Flame Duration (s)	Not Available		

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Enclosed Space Ignition Time Equivalent (s/m3) Not Available	Enclosed Space Ignition Deflagration Density (g/m3)	Not Available
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### **SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	Product is considered stable and hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

### **SECTION 11 Toxicological information**

mation on toxicological e	ffects			
Inhaled	Not normally a hazard due to non-volatile nature of product Inhalation of vapour is more likely at higher than normal temperatures. The vapour from heated material is discomforting to the upper respiratory tract			
Ingestion	Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product.			
Skin Contact	Skin contact does <b>not</b> normally present a hazard, though substances usually regarded as inert.	h it is always possible that occasionally individuals may be found who react to		
Eye	Not normally a hazard due to physical form of product.			
Chronic	The additives are immobilised in the rubber and do not p Long-term exposure to the product is not thought to prod models); nevertheless exposure by all routes should be	duce chronic effects adverse to health (as classified by EC Directives using anima		
ARDEX WPM1500 WeldTec	тохісіту	IRRITATION		
Below Grade Tanking Membrane	Not Available	Not Available		
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
carbon black	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>		
	Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>		
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
isobutylene homopolymer	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>	Not Available		
	Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>			
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION		
		r41		
isoprene homopolymer	Not Available	Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>		

CARBON BLACK	Inhalation (rat) TCLo: 50 mg/m3/6h/90D-I Nil reported  WARNING: This substance has been classified by the IARC as Group 2B: Possibly Carcinogenic to Humans.
ISOPRENE HOMOPOLYMER	Allergic reactions which develop in the respiratory passages as bronchial asthma or rhinoconjunctivitis, are mostly the result of reactions of the allergen with specific antibodies of the IgE class and belong in their reaction rates to the manifestation of the immediate type. In addition to the allergen-specific potential for causing respiratory sensitisation, the amount of the allergen, the exposure period and the genetically determined disposition of the exposed person are likely to be decisive. Factors which increase the sensitivity of the mucosa may play a role in predisposing a person to allergy. They may be genetically determined or acquired, for example, during infections or exposure to irritant substances. Immunologically the low molecular weight substances become complete allergens in the organism either by binding to peptides or proteins (haptens) or after metabolism (prohaptens).  Particular attention is drawn to so-called atopic diathesis which is characterised by an increased susceptibility to allergic rhinitis, allergic bronchial asthma and atopic eczema (neurodermatitis) which is associated with increased IgE synthesis.  Exogenous allergic alveolitis is induced essentially by allergen specific immune-complexes of the IgG type; cell-mediated reactions (T lymphocytes) may be involved. Such allergy is of the delayed type with onset up to four hours following exposure.  The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product.  Contact allergies quickly manifest themselves as contact eczema, more rarely as urticaria or Quincke's oedema. The pathogenesis of contact eczema involves a cell-mediated (T lymphocytes) immune reaction of the delayed type. Other allergic skin reactions, e.g. contact urticaria, involve antibody-mediated immune reactions. The significance of the contact allergen is not simply determined by its sensitisation potential: the distribution of the substance and the opportunities for contact with it are equally important. A weakly sensit
CARBON BLACK & ISOBUTYLENE HOMOPOLYMER & ISOPRENE HOMOPOLYMER	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search.

specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

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Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	<b>~</b>	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Legend:

💢 – Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

Data available to make classification

### **SECTION 12 Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

ARDEX WPM1500 WeldTec	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
Below Grade Tanking Membrane	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	>0.2mg/l	2
carbon black	EC50	48h	Crustacea	33.076- 41.968mg/l	4
	LC50	96h	Fish	>100mg/l	2
	NOEC(ECx)	24h	Crustacea	3200mg/l	1
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
isobutylene homopolymer	LC50	96h	Fish	>5600mg/L	4
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
isoprene homopolymer	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Legend:	Ecotox databas		ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Ir C Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Jap		

### Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
isobutylene homopolymer	LOW	LOW
isoprene homopolymer	LOW	LOW

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
isobutylene homopolymer	LOW (LogKOW = 2.2256)
isoprene homopolymer	LOW (LogKOW = 2.5803)

### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
isobutylene homopolymer	LOW (Log KOC = 35.04)
isoprene homopolymer	LOW (Log KOC = 67.7)

### **SECTION 13 Disposal considerations**

### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- ▶ Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.
- Bury residue in an authorised landfill.
- Recycle containers if possible, or dispose of in an authorised landfill.

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

### **Disposal Requirements**

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package. The package must be disposed according to the manufacturer's directions taking into account the material it is made of. Packages which hazardous content have been appropriately treated and removed may be recycled.

The hazardous substance must only be disposed if it has been treated by a method that changed the characteristics or composition of the substance and it is no longer hazardous.

Only dispose to the environment if a tolerable exposure limit has been set for the substance.

Only deposit the hazardous substance into or onto a landfill or sewage facility or incinerator, where the hazardous substance can be handled and treated appropriately.

### **SECTION 14 Transport information**

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### **Labels Required**

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

### 14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

#### 14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

•	
Product name	Group
carbon black	Not Available
isobutylene homopolymer	Not Available
isoprene homopolymer	Not Available

### 14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
carbon black	Not Available
isobutylene homopolymer	Not Available
isoprene homopolymer	Not Available

#### **SECTION 15 Regulatory information**

### Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002624	N.O.S. Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020

Please refer to Section 8 of the SDS for any applicable tolerable exposure limit or Section 12 for environmental exposure limit.

### carbon black is found on the following regulatory lists

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls

 $New\ Zealand\ Hazardous\ Substances\ and\ New\ Organisms\ (HSNO)\ Act\ -\ Classification\ of\ Chemicals\ -\ Classification\ Data$ 

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

### isobutylene homopolymer is found on the following regulatory lists

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

### isoprene homopolymer is found on the following regulatory lists

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

### **Additional Regulatory Information**

Not Applicable

### **Hazardous Substance Location**

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

### Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

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Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL)	Liquid (L)	Solid (kg)	Maximum quantity per package for each classification
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

#### **Tracking Requirements**

Not Applicable

### National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status		
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non- Industrial Use	Yes		
Canada - DSL	Yes		
Canada - NDSL	No (carbon black; isobutylene homopolymer; isoprene homopolymer)		
China - IECSC	Yes		
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	No (isoprene homopolymer)		
Japan - ENCS	Yes		
Korea - KECI	Yes		
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes		
Philippines - PICCS	Yes		
USA - TSCA	All chemical substances in this product have been designated as TSCA Inventory 'Active'		
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes		
Mexico - INSQ	Yes		
Vietnam - NCI	Yes		
Russia - FBEPH	Yes		
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.		

#### **SECTION 16 Other information**

Revision Date	23/12/2022
Initial Date	13/04/2017

### **SDS Version Summary**

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
3.1	01/11/2019	One-off system update. NOTE: This may or may not change the GHS classification
4.1	23/12/2022	Classification review due to GHS Revision change.

### Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings. Risks may be determined by reference to Exposures Scenarios. Scale of use, frequency of use and current or available engineering controls must be considered.

### **Definitions and abbreviations**

- ▶ PC TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- ▶ PC STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- ▶ STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- ► TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。
- ▶ IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
- ES: Exposure Standard
- OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- ▶ LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- LOD: Limit Of Detection
- OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- BCF: BioConcentration Factors ▶ BEI: Biological Exposure Index
- ▶ DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- ▶ PNEC: Predicted no-effect concentration
- ▶ AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- ▶ DSL: Domestic Substances List
- ▶ NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
- ▶ IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China
- EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
   ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- ▶ NLP: No-Longer Polymers
- ▶ ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
- ▶ KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

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- TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
   INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas
- NCI: National Chemical Inventory
  FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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